

A Formalization of Moessner's Theorem in Coq

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Summing the first odd numbers

The stream of odd natural numbers:

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...

Summing the first odd numbers

The stream of odd natural numbers:

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...

The corresponding stream of partial sums:

1,

Summing the first odd numbers

The stream of odd natural numbers:

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...

The corresponding stream of partial sums:

1, 4,

Summing the first odd numbers

The stream of odd natural numbers:

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...

The corresponding stream of partial sums:

1, 4, 9,

Summing the first odd numbers

The stream of odd natural numbers:

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...

The corresponding stream of partial sums:

1, 4, 9, 16,

Summing the first odd numbers

The stream of odd natural numbers:

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...

The corresponding stream of partial sums:

1, 4, 9, 16, 25,

Summing the first odd numbers

The stream of odd natural numbers:

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...

The corresponding stream of partial sums:

1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36,

Summing the first odd numbers

The stream of odd natural numbers:

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...

The corresponding stream of partial sums:

1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49,

Summing the first odd numbers

The stream of odd natural numbers:

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...

The corresponding stream of partial sums:

1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, ...

Summing the first odd numbers

The stream of odd natural numbers:

1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...

The corresponding stream of partial sums:

1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, ...

i.e.,

$1^2, 2^2, 3^2, 4^2, 5^2, 6^2, 7^2, 8^2, \dots$

Constructively

- start from the stream of natural numbers
- strike out every 2nd element
- compute the successive partial sums

Result: the stream of squares .

Scaling up

- start from the stream of natural numbers
- strike out every 3rd element
- compute the successive partial sums
- strike out every 2nd element
- compute the successive partial sums

Result: the stream of ...

Scaling up

- start from the stream of natural numbers
- strike out every 3rd element
- compute the successive partial sums
- strike out every 2nd element
- compute the successive partial sums

Result: the stream of cubes .

Scaling up: Moessner's theorem

- start from the stream of natural numbers
- strike out every n th element & sum
- strike out every $(n - 1)$ th element & sum
- ...
- strike out every 3rd element & sum
- strike out every 2nd element & sum

Result: the stream of powers of n .

Background

- Moessner (1951)
The property, no proofs.
- Perron (1951), Paasche (1952), Salié (1952)
Complicated inductive proofs.
- Hinze (IFL 2008)
A calculational proof.
- Rutten & Niqui (HOSC 2012)
A co-inductive proof.

This work (in progress)

- a formalization in Coq
- but first, learning Coq

Learning Coq in principle

- web resources
- book
- seasonal schools

Learning Coq in practice

- practice, practice, practice
- need a TA (or ideally, a coach)
- forces you to think things through
- can be frustrating at times
- wonderfully rewarding, overall

Teaching Coq

- introduction to functional programming (Q3)
- more advanced functional programming (Q4)

a marvelous experience

Term projects in Q3

- a standard batch (interpreters, compilers, decompilers, VMs, CPS, power series, searching in binary trees, Boolean negational normalization, FSA, etc.)
- a cherry on top of the pie: formalizing a theorem and a proof from another course(!)

Term projects in Q4

- functional & relational programming
- the Ackermann-Peter function
- Boolean normalization and equisatisfiability
- abstract interpretation (strided intervals)
- group theory and pronic numbers
- B-trees
- graph theory
- reduction from circuit to SAT
- vector spaces & Cauchy-Schwarz inequality

Plan

- Moessner's theorem at degree 3
- Moessner's theorem at degree 4
- Which starting indices in the master lemma?
- Conclusion and perspectives

We are given

- `stream_of_ones`
- `stream_of_positive_powers_of_3`
- `stream_of_positive_powers_of_4`
- `skip_2`, `skip_3`, `skip_4`, ...
- `sums` & `sums_aux`, which uses an accumulator
- `stream_bisimilar`

Moessner's theorem at degree 3

- the statement
- the proof
- the master lemma

Theorem Moessner_3 :

```
stream_bisimilar
  stream_of_positive_powers_of_3
    (sums
      (skip_2
        (sums
          (skip_3
            (sums
              stream_of_ones)))))).
```

Proof.

```
unfold stream_of_positive_powers_of_3.
```

```
unfold sums.
```

```
apply (Moessner_3_aux 0).
```

Qed.

```

Lemma Moessner_3_aux :
  forall (n : nat),
    stream_bisimilar
      (make_stream_of_nats (S n)
                           (fun i => i * i * i)
                           S)
      (sums_aux ???
        (skip_2
          (sums_aux ???
            (skip_3
              (sums_aux ???
                stream_of_ones)))))).

```

Moessner's theorem at degree 4

- the statement
- the proof
- the master lemma

Theorem Moessner_4 :

stream_bisimilar

stream_of_positive_powers_of_4

(sums

(skip_2

(sums

(skip_3

(sums

(skip_4

(sums

stream_of_ones)))))))).

Proof.

```
  unfold stream_of_positive_powers_of_4.
```

```
  unfold sums.
```

```
  apply (Moessner_4_aux 0).
```

Qed.

```

Lemma Moessner_4_aux :
  forall (n : nat),
    stream_bisimilar
      (make_stream_of_nats (S n)
        (fun i => i * i * i * i)
         S)
    (sums_aux ???
      (skip_2
        (sums_aux ???
          (skip_3
            (sums_aux ???
              (skip_4
                (sums_aux ???
                  stream_of_ones)))))))).

```

So, which starting indices?

Reminder: Newton's binomial expansion

$$(n + 1)^2 = n^2 + 2 \cdot n + 1$$

$$(n + 1)^3 = n^3 + 3 \cdot n^2 + 3 \cdot n + 1$$

$$(n + 1)^4 = n^4 + 4 \cdot n^3 + 6 \cdot n^2 + 4 \cdot n + 1$$

...

```

Lemma Moessner_2_aux :
  forall (n : nat),
    stream_bisimilar
      (make_stream_of_nats (S n)
                           (fun i => i * i)
                           S)
      (sums_aux (n * n)
        (skip_2
          (sums_aux (2 * n)
            stream_of_ones )))) .

```

```

Lemma Moessner_3_aux :
  forall (n : nat),
    stream_bisimilar
      (make_stream_of_nats (S n)
        (fun i => i * i * i)
          S)
      (sums_aux (n * n * n)
        (skip_2
          (sums_aux (3 * n * n)
            (skip_3
              (sums_aux (3 * n)
                stream_of_ones ))))))).

```

```

Lemma Moessner_4_aux :
  forall (n : nat),
    stream_bisimilar
      (make_stream_of_nats (S n)
        (fun i => i * i * i * i)
         S)
      (sums_aux (n * n * n * n)
        (skip_2
          (sums_aux (4 * n * n * n)
            (skip_3
              (sums_aux (6 * n * n)
                (skip_4
                  (sums_aux (4 * n)
                    stream_of_ones )))))))))).

```

Assessment

- The monomials of the binomial expansion.
- At this point, this is still a conjecture.
- Essential algebraic support from Coq to find the starting indices.

Conclusion and perspectives

Proof assistants are changing the world:

- the 4-color theorem
- G. Gonthier's work at Microsoft Research
- C. Schuermann's DemTech in Denmark
- V. Voevodsky's work at Princeton

This was then: MFPS 1991

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“Look guys.

We don't say anything about your proofs,
so don't say anything about our programs,
OK?”

This is now: MAP 2012

Moi: A lightweight question: how does it feel, ...

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Moi: A lightweight question: how does it feel, as a mathematician, to show your proofs to the world in complete detail?

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Y. Bertot (intervening): But you only show a **representation** of your proofs.

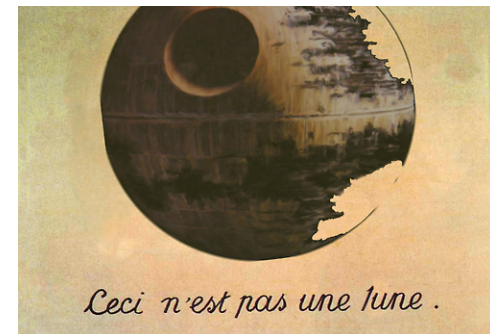


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Thank you.